SEPTEMBER. 1781. THE NUMB. 2676.

# PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE,

AND

# WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1781.

## *Office of Finance,*

SEPTEMBER 12, 1781.

IN pursuance of an act of the United States in Congress assembled, Notice is hereby given, that proposals will be received in this office, from the date hereof until the first day of October next, inclusive, for supplying by contract, the rations deliverable by the public at the post of Wyoming, to such Officers, Soldiers and others, as are or may be entitled to them, from a certain time to be fixed in the contract until the expiration of twelve months thereafter.

The RATIONS to consist of

One pound of bread,
One pound of beef, or 3 quarters of a pound of pork,
One gill of good whiskey,
And of
One quart of salt, } To every 100 rations.
Two quarts of vinegar, }
Eight pounds of soap, } To every 700 rations.
Three pounds of candles, }

The contractors to issue the said rations: The payments to be made in gold or silver at the times to be stipulated in the contract. The proposals to be sent in sealed, and to contain the lowest prices, and longest terms of payment at which the parties will contract.

*N. B.* The stipulations to be entered into may be seen in the dratt of a contract at this office.

## To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On Saturday, the 29th instant, at the house of ISAAC WOOD, tavern-keeper, in the town of Mount-holly, New-Jersey, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by virtue of a power of attorney,

ALL the right, title and interest which William Raydon, heretofore of the county of Gloucester, in New-Jersey aforesaid, died seized and possessed of, which was on or about the year 1694, consisting of several thousand acres of rights to locate lands, in any part of the western division of New-Jersey aforesaid. Also a quantity of upland, marsh and meadow, which was legally located by the said William Raydon, in different parts of said county of Gloucester; part of which is about 98 acres, situate in Reporpuer marsh, on Delaware river, some of which is very valuable. Also an island opposite the city of Philadelphia, which was located by the said William Raydon, on or about the year 1680, as fully appeareth amongst the records in the State of New-Jersey. The whole will be put up in different lots, and sold accordingly. The conditions will be made known before the sale begins. A good title from said William Raydon's descendants will be given the purchasers, &c. The title papers may be seen by any person inclining to purchase, by applying to the subscriber, at his house, near Mount-holly. †

JOHN LEE, Agent.

ALL persons indebted to the *University*, on account of Rent, payable in specie or in wheat, are hereby notified, that unless the amounts of the said rents be paid to the subscriber on or before the first of October next, they will be proceeded against as the law directs.

ARCHIBALD GAMBLE,
¶ at the University.

## WANTED,

A PERSON who understands the management of an

AIR FURNACE,

And the Fluxing of COPPER ORE;

Such a person will meet with proper encouragement, by applying to LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH, of Philadelphia, or WILLIAM HAMMOND, of Baltimore town.

## *TO BE SOLD,*

SEVEN HUNDRED and FIFTY ACRES of

GOOD LAND,

Situate on Timber-Creek, in the county of Gloucester, half a mile from Chew's Landing,

Also 25 acres of CEDAR SWAMP,

Within seven miles of said land:

THERE is on the premises, one square log-house, two rooms on a floor, with other improvements, 100 acres cleared; also, one other log-house, 250 acres cleared, two good apple orchards, ten acres of good meadow, and conveniency for making more, with a never failing stream of water running through the whole tract; there is an excellent seat for a grist-mill, in a good part of the country for merchant or country work. For particulars, apply to SAMUEL SHARP, in Piles-Grove, Salem county, GEORGE BLAKE, on the premises, or ALEXANDER TOD, in Walnut-street, Philadelphia.

## To be SOLD by the subscriber,

For hard money,

ALMOST elegant STILL, containing about 108½ gallons. Said still is well made, and is near one-quarter of an inch thick, with an extraordinary block tin worm, containing almost six rounds; the whole almost new. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, in West-Nottingham, Cecil county, Maryland. JESSE REYNOLD.

*N. B.* The subscriber will take good merchantable wheat, at the market price, in part pay, or the whole, as it may best suit the purchaser. ¶ Sept. 17.

## *Public Notice is hereby given,*

To the Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia,

THAT a GENERAL ELECTION is to be held for the City and County aforesaid, at Philadelphia, Germantown and Jacob Wentz's, on Tuesday the 9th day of October next: The Election to be opened between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which Places the Electors of the City and County are to choose

Two Persons for Sheriff,
Two for Coroner, and one Commissioner,
The County to elect one Councellor, and nine Representatives in General Assembly,
And the City of Philadelphia five Representatives in Assembly, two Commissioners for the Streets, and two Wardens:

And the Constables of the City and County are required to hold Elections in their respective Wards and Townships, on Saturday the 6th day of October next, to elect township and ward Assessors, and Inspectors, to attend in their respective Districts at the said General Election; which Inspectors, when met, are to choose for each District three fit Persons for Judges of Election

*Sept.* 17, 1781. WILLIAM WILL Sheriff.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City and County of Philadelphia,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my warmest Thanks for the Honour done me, in choosing me your Sheriff at the last Election; the Continuance of your Votes and Interest at the ensuing Election will oblige, Gentlemen, your humble Servant, WILLIAM WILL. *Sept.* 17.

To the Freeholders and others, the ELECTORS of Chester county.

GENTLEMEN,

WHILE I gratefully acknowledge the honour you did me, in chusing me one of your Representatives in Assembly these two years past, you will be pleased to chuse another in my place, as my attendance upon that important trust interferes too much with my private affairs.

*Your Friend and humble Servant,*
¶ DAVID THOMAS.

To the Freeholders and others, ELECTORS for the county of Chester.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is with the highest sense of gratitude I reflect on your esteem and confidence, manifested by your electing me one of your Representatives in Assembly for two years past; but finding it very inconvenient for me to serve you any longer in that important station, I therefore request you not to put my name in your Tickets at the ensuing Election, which will much oblige your humble servant,

¶ JOSEPH PARK.

## *FOR SALE,*

A TRACT of LAND, of 107 acres, near one-third whereof timbered, together with about six acres of valuable marsh meadow: There is on the plantation, a two story stone house, almost new, and well finished, a barn, young orchard and other improvements; the whole is situate within about three miles of Wilmington, on a public road leading thereto.

Also, a valuable TAN-YARD, situate in the borough of Wilmington, on which is erected, a large stone bark-house and currying shop, mill-house, slaughter-house, and every other conveniency for carrying on the tanning business: The yard will contain about 400 hides; in which is a never failing spring, rising to such a heighth as to convey water into every vatt: The whole, or part of the stock now in the yard may be had, if the purchaser pleases. A plan of the premises may be seen, and the terms of sale made known, by applying to JACOB BROOM, at his Office, in Market-street, Wilmington, who has several other estates for sale, and where the business of Surveying and Conveyancing is continued as usual.

*N. B.* Any person inclining to purchase the plantation and Lot of marsh, may also see a plan thereof, and be informed of the terms of sale, by applying to Capt. JAMES COCHRAN, in Market-street, Philadelphia. †

## Twenty Hard Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, in New-Garden township, Chester county, on the night of the 10th instant (September) A likely brown MARE, 6 years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, a natural trotter, a small star in her forehead, and some white on both hind feet, a switch tail, and her mane mostly to the near side, a scar on her nose, caused by a cut. The above reward will be given for the mare and thief, or *Ten Dollars* for the mare, and reasonable charges, paid by

WILLIAM WHITESIDE.

WHEREAS the subscriber, some time in October last, gave his Obligation for TEN POUNDS, payable the 27th of November following, to MILES MARTIN, of Buckingham, in Bucks county, for the purchase of a Horse, which was warranted sound, but proves deficient; these are therefore to forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of said obligation, as the same will not be paid, for the reason aforesaid, by

¶ JONATHAN MARTIN.

## LONDON.

HOUSE *of* PEERS, *Wednesday, July* 18.

THIS day his Majesty came to the House, and being seated on the throne, the Usher of the Black Rod was sent to the House of Commons, to desire their attendance. The Commons being come, the Speaker took his stand at the bar, and holding in his hand the East-India Company's bill, made the following speech to the King:

"Sire,—Your Majesty's faithful Commons have, in the course of the present session, granted every supply which your Majesty has asked, in order to enable you to answer all the emergencies of the present crisis of public affairs, and to resist effectually the unprovoked confederacy which has been formed against this country; and although, in the raising of those supplies, they have done every thing in their power to render them as little burthensome to the people as possible, and have found the resources of this country equal to every demand which has been made upon it; yet as the burthens which the necessity of the times obliged them to impose were great indeed, however chearfully imposed, his Majesty's faithful Commons trust, that his Majesty's humanity and wisdom will take care that the supplies they have so liberally granted shall be applied only to the purposes for which they have been voted.

"Sire,—I have the satisfaction to inform you, that during the present session your faithful Commons have paid particular attention to the support and extension of public credit, and the improvement of the public revenues, in order to be the better prepared to strengthen your Majesty's arms, and to enable them to answer the future exegencies of affairs.

"Sire,—I have in my hand the last of the bills which make up the supply of the current year. It is an act for enabling your Majesty to enlarge the charter of the united company of merchants of England, trading to the East-Indies, and for securing to your Majesty for public use, the four hundred and two thousand pounds, which bill I most dutifully present from your faithful Commons, who humbly entreat that it may receive your Majesty's royal approbation."

The royal assent was then given to the following bills, viz. To the East India new charter, Bengal-judicature, and insolvent debtors bill—Bill to amend an error in the cocoa-nut act—Bill to regulate the driving of cattle.—That to provide places of residence for the parochial clergy—Bill for erecting a new building near the bank—Bill to prevent the stealing of iron rails, pewter, brass, solder, &c.—Plymouth dock bill, and several public and private bills.

After which, his Majesty made the following speech to both Houses:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"ALTHOUGH the business of this session has required a longer attendance than may have been consistent with your private convenience, yet I am persuaded that you look back with satisfaction on the time you have employed in a faithful discharge of your duty to your country, in the present arduous and critical state of public affairs.

"I cannot let you depart into your respective counties without assuring you of my intire approbation of your conduct, and of my perfect confidence in the loyalty and good affections of this Parliament.

"The zeal and ardor which you have shewn for the honour of my crown, your firm and steady support of a just cause, and the great efforts you have made to enable me to surmount all the difficulties of this extensive and complicated war, must convince the world that the ancient spirit of the British nation is not yet abated or diminished.

"In the midst of these difficulties you have formed regulations for the better management and improvement of the revenue; you have given additional strength and stability to public credit; and your deliberations on the affairs of the East-India Company have terminated in such a measure as will, I trust, produce great and essential advantages to my kingdoms.

"I have observed, with much satisfaction, that during the course of that important business, your attention was not more anxiously directed to the benefits to be derived from the territorial acquisitions, than to the happiness and comfort of the inhabitants of those remote provinces.

"Whatever may remain to be done for securing those valuable possessions, and for restraining the abuses to which they are peculiarly liable, you will, I doubt not, proceed to provide for at your next meeting, with the same wisdom and temper that have governed your late proceedings and inquiries."

"*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

"My particular thanks are due to you for the ample provision you have made for the service of the current year. I see with great pleasure that you have had it in your power to apply so large a sum to the discharge of the debt of the navy, and that the supplies which you have granted have been raised in a manner the least burthensome to the property and industry of my faithful people."

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"While I lament the continuance of the present troubles, and the extension of this war, I have the satisfaction to reflect, that the constant aim of all my councils has been to bring back my deluded subjects in America to the happiness and liberty they formerly enjoyed, and to see the tranquillity of Europe restored.

"To defend the dominons, and to maintain the rights of this country, was, on my part, the sole cause, and the

only object, of the war. Peace is the warmeſt wiſh of my heart; but I have too firm a reliance on the ſpirit and reſources of the nation, and the powerful aſſiſtance of my Parliament, and the protection of a juſt and all ruling providence, to accept it upon any other terms or conditions than ſuch as may conſiſt with the honor and dignity of my crown, and the permanent intereſt and ſecurity of my people."

The Lord Chancellor, by his Majeſty's command, ſaid,

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"It is his Majeſty's royal will and pleaſure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Thurſday, the thirteenth day of Sept. next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thurſday, the thirteenth day of Sept. next."

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*UTRECHT, June 18.*

THE contents of the diſpatches brought by the courier from Peterſburgh have at laſt tranſpired, and contain in ſubſtance as follows: "The Miniſter has laid before the Empreſs the repreſentations of the Ambaſſadors of the Republic; it is with the greateſt ſatisfaction that her Majeſty perceives the zeal with which their High Mightineſſes accepted her mediation, which only ſerved to increaſe her concern at the difficulty thrown into the way by the Court of London, by deferring the reconciliation with the Republic until a general negociation for peace ſhould take place between all the belligerent powers, under the united mediation of her Imperial Majeſty and the Emperor of Germany; as ſoon as ſuch a negociation ſhall be entered upon, the Empreſs promiſes the Republic all poſſible aſſiſtance, that the Republic may again become a neutral power, and poſſeſs all the rights and privileges to which the united alliance entitles them; for which purpoſe her Majeſty intends immediately concerting with the Kings of Denmark and Sweden, in order jointly to make another attempt to bring the Court of London to thoſe ſentiments of peace and moderation which their High Mightineſſes have on their part ſhewn. The Empreſs flatters herſelf that circumſtances may occur which may give her an opportunity of ſhewing her affection and good-will to their High Mightineſſes in the ſtrongeſt manner. The Emperor is, we are informed, to viſit the Hague, and afterwards proceed to England.

LONDON.

*June* 23. Captain Leſlie, of the Surpriſe frigate, arrived yeſterday at the Admiralty, with advices from General Elliot, by which we learn, that a ſally having been ſuddenly made by our troops in garriſon there, the Spaniards were ſo completely ſurpriſed, that the Britiſh forces carried all before them, killing ſeveral of the enemy, with very inconſiderable loſs on our ſide. The conſequence according to the ſame authority, was, the Spaniards immediately raiſed the ſiege, and retired into the country with the greateſt precipitation.

Accounts from Liſbon brought by a gentleman juſt arrived in town, give the following detail of this affair. That the Spaniards having reſolved upon a general attack upon the place, both by ſea and land, a fleet of ſeven line of battle ſhips, five frigates, ſix fire-ſhips, and three bombs, ſailed from Cadiz; the land forces at the ſame time advancing nearer the garriſon, keeping up a continual cannonade, and throwing ſhells, &c. upon the beſieged, General Elliot being appriſed of their deſign, cauſed two maſked batteries to be erected, and cannon mounted on them, ſo that he might open theſe batteries, and play upon their flanks, which ſucceeded, he ſuffering the enemy to advance almoſt within piſtol ſhot of the Queen's battery, which was manned by three companies of Britiſh Grenadiers, and two Hanoverian, who then fired on the enemy; the maſked batteries at the ſame time opening on their flanks, put the enemy into the greateſt confuſion; of which General Elliot taking the advantage, immediately ſallied out with four battalions of Britiſh, and three of Hanoverians, and charging the confuſed Spaniards with their bayonets, totally routed them, deſtroyed all their new raiſed works near the place, took ſeveral pieces of cannon and other military ſtores, with which they retired into Gibraltar. The Spaniards loſs in this affair is ſuppoſed to be near 5000 killed and wounded.

*July* 18. A letter from the Hague, dated June 26, ſays, "The Ruſſian Ambaſſador has acquainted the States, by order of the Empreſs, that ſhe is unwilling to ſee her ally the King of Great-Britain overpowered by numbers, and urges them to a negociation for peace; and that the Ambaſſador has requeſted an anſwer in a fortnight, that he might ſend it to the Empreſs. What effect this may have on the States is uncertain, they are to meet in a few days to deliberate on the matter. We are very anxious to know the event, as the people in general are deſirous of a peace."

Since the Emperor has declared Oſtend a free port, people are coming from different parts to reſide there: where they have begun to build warehouſes, and a piece of ground is marked out to build a ſtreet of capital houſes for the reſidence of merchants.

*Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, dated June 22.*

"We begin to diſcover the intereſt of the Britiſh Court improving ſince the late change the Empreſs has made in her Cabinet Council. The memorial delivered laſt week by the French Ambaſſador, reſpecting the inactivity of the armed neutrality, has given great diſguſt. Thoſe who are about the Court ſay, that when the preſent war is the ſubject of converſation, the Empreſs and her Miniſters declare, that they think it very unjuſt that Great-Britain ſhould be compelled to declare her American colonies independent, and open to the trade of the whole world, unleſs France, Spain and Holland, will agree that their colonies ſhall be equally free from commercial reſtraints. It is imagined ſome overtures for a peace will be brought forward upon this ground."

A letter received on Saturday by an eminent Banker of this city, mentions, "that a French ſhip of war cruizing off the Cape of Good Hope, had captured an Imperial Eaſt-Indiaman, and carried her into that port; that the Captain of the Indiaman claimed the protection of the Dutch, as he deemed the conduct of the French Captain a groſs inſult upon the Imperial flag, but the Dutch refuſed to interfere."

It is moſt probable that a war with the Emperor, againſt France and Holland, will be the conſequence of his opening the ports; the late capture of an Imperial Eaſt-Indiaman by the French, ſeems to be the firſt ſtep to actual hoſtilities.

The Emperor of Germany has granted the eſtabliſhment of an Engliſh Church for the uſe of all Proteſtants who reſide at Oſtend.

BOSTON, *September* 13.

*Extract of a letter from New-Hampſhire, Auguſt* 25.

"We have at laſt had hoſtilities committed in New-Hampſhire. Mr. Joſeph Whipple was made priſoner at his plantation off Dartmouth, beyond the White Mountains, about a month ago, and his effects plundered and deſtroyed by a party of tories and Indians from Canada. He made his eſcape and got to Portſmouth. Another party came upon Shelburne, where they broke up four or five families, killed two, captivated ſeveral, and carried off what plunder they pleaſed. A party went from Pigwacket in purſuit of them, but the captives left written advertiſements on trees, begging they might not be purſued, as they were threatened with death in that caſe. The purſuers finding this returned. Application is made to our General Court (now ſitting) to ſend men to guard the frontiers."

NEW-LONDON, *September* 10.

We had prepared our paper thus far for publication, when at or about day-break on Thurſday morning laſt, twenty-four ſail of the enemy's ſhipping appeared to the weſtward of this harbour, which by many were ſuppoſed to be a plundering party, after ſtock: alarm guns were immediately fired, but the diſcharge of cannon in the harbour has become ſo frequent of late that they anſwered little or no purpoſe. The defenceleſs ſtate of the fortifications and of the town are obvious to our readers; a few of the inhabitants who were equipped advanced towards the place where the enemy were thought likely to make their landing, and manœuvred on the heights adjacent, until the enemy about 9 o'clock landed in two diviſions of about 800 men each, one of them at Brown's farm, near the light-houſe, the other at Groton-point; the diviſion that landed near the light-houſe marched up the road, keeping out large flanking parties, who were attacked in different places on their march by the inhabitants who had ſpirit and reſolution to oppoſe their progreſs; the main body of the enemy proceeded to the town and ſet fire to the ſtores on the beach, and immediately after to the dwelling houſes lying on the mill-cove; the ſcattered fire of our little parties, unſupported by our neighbours more diſtant, galled them ſo that they ſoon began to retire, ſetting fire to ſtores and dwelling houſes promiſcuouſly in their way; the fire from the ſtores communicated to the ſhipping that lay at the wharves, and a number were burnt, others ſwung to ſingle faſt and unhurt. At 4 o'clock they began to quit the town with great precipitation, and were purſued by our brave citizens with the ſpirit and ardor of veterans, and drove on board their boats. Five of the enemy were killed and about twenty wounded, among the latter is a Heſſian captain who is a priſoner, as are ſeven others. We loſt four killed and ten or twelve wounded, none mortal.

The moſt valuable part of the town is reduced to aſhes, and all the ſtores. Fort Trumbull, not being tenable on the land ſide, was evacuated as the enemy advanced, and the few men in it croſſed the river to fort Griſwold, on Groton Hill, which was ſoon after inveſted by the diviſion that landed at the point; the fort having in it only about 120 men, chiefly militia haſtily collected, defended it with the greateſt reſolution and bravery, and once repulſed the enemy; but the fort being out of repair could not be defended by ſuch a handful of men, tho' brave and determined, againſt ſo ſuperior a number; they did all that men of ſpirit and bravery, in ſuch a ſituation could do; but after having a number of their party killed and wounded, they found that further reſiſtance would be in vain, and reſigned the fort: Immediately on their ſurrender, the valiant Colonel Ledyard, whoſe fate in a particular manner is much lamented, and 70 other officers and men, were murdered, moſt of whom were heads of families. The enemy loſt a Major Montgomery and 41 officers and men in the attack, who were found buried near the fort; their wounded were carried off. Soon after the enemy got poſſeſſion of the fort they ſet fire to and burnt a number of dwelling houſes and ſtores on Groton bank, and embarked about ſun ſet, taking with them ſundry of the inhabitants of New-London and Groton.

A Colonel Ayres, who commanded the diviſion at Groton, was wounded, and it is ſaid died on board the fleet, the night they embarked.

About 15 ſail of veſſels, with effects of the inhabitants, retreated up the river on the approach of the enemy and were ſaved, and four others remained in the harbour unhurt. The troops were commanded by that infamous traitor to his country Benedict Arnold, who headed the diviſion which marched to this town. By this calamity it is judged that more than one hundred families are deprived of their habitations and moſt of them of their ALL.

This neighbourhood feel ſenſibly the loſs of many deſerving citizens, and tho' deceaſed, cannot but be highly indebted to them for their ſpirit and bravery in their exertions and manly oppoſition to the mercileſs enemies of our country in their laſt moments.

*September* 14. The following ſavage action, committed by the troops who ſubdued Fort Griſwold on Groton Hill, on Thurſday laſt, ought to be recorded to their eternal infamy:

Soon after the ſurrender of the fort, they loaded a waggon with our wounded men, by order of their officers, and ſet the waggon off from the top of the hill, which is long and very ſteep; the waggon went a conſiderable diſtance with great force, till it was ſuddenly ſtopped by a tree; the ſhock was ſo great to thoſe faint and bleeding men, that part of them died inſtantly: the officers ordered their men to fire on the waggon while it was running.

POUGHKEEPSIE, *September* 10.

We hear by ſeveral different hands from Albany, that 120 perſons, men, women and children, who had been priſoners, taken from various parts of our frontiers by the enemy, were returned lately from Canada on their parole, to be exchanged. They report that the people in Canada are in great want of grain, and ſundry ſorts of proviſion, occaſioned by an innumerable multitude of worms and inſects, which have devoured almoſt every thing green, and even killed abundance of trees.

We likewiſe hear from Albany, that later advices were arrived there from Canada—That the noted Indian chief Brandt, was juſt returned from an expedition towards Pittſburgh, &c. whereon he had the command of about 1000 Indians, Tories, &c. That he fell in with, and had been ſeverely handled by a party under the command of the gallant Col. Clarke, who had killed and taken upwards of 600 of his men, ſo that he brought back only 300, and was himſelf wounded in three places, two in the body and one on the knee, whereby it was ſaid, he would be for ever diſabled from going on another expedition on foot.

CHATHAM, *September* 19.

Laſt Thurſday a frigate arrived at New-York from the fleet in three days, and from what we can learn, brought news very unpalatable to the loyaliſts, and occaſioned many long faces in the city; however, that fertile genius Mr. Rivington, after two days painful labour, has been delivered of a feeble effort, which he expected would reduce them to their primitive ſhapes; but alas! it abounds with ſo many abſurdities and contradictions, that our informant tells us a ſullen ſadneſs is ſtill viſible. He further adds, that no perſon was allowed to go on board the frigate, nor to ſpeak with any of the hands, and that it was generally believed that the French fleet were thirty leagues ſouthward of the Capes of Virginia, but it was in purſuit of the Britiſh, whom they had totally routed.

Laſt Friday that fiend and dog of Hell Arnold, returned to New-York from his ſatanic expedition into Connecticut, and landed 150 wounded men. The 40th regiment, we are aſſured, from good authority, were moſtly cut to pieces in the reduction of fort Griſwold, commanded by the late gallant Lieut. Col. Ledyard.

Sir Henry Clinton's baggage is on board ſhip, and on Tueſday laſt he began to embark troops, which continued for three days. Their deſtination is uncertain, tho' it is generally believed, they are embarking for the purpoſe of relieving the ſouthern army, ſhould their fleet be ſucceſsful.

The militia are called out to do garriſon duty in New-York, and we are told, the evacuation of the Refugee poſt on the Bergen ſhore is on the tapis.

TRENTON, *September* 19.

HEAD-QUARTERS, *Head of Elk, Sept.* 6, 1781.

"IT is with the higheſt pleaſure and ſatisfaction the Commander in Chief announces to the army the arrival of the Count De Graſſe in the Cheſapeake, with a very formidable naval and land force. At the ſame time he felicitates them on this auſpicious occaſion, he anticipates the glorious events which may be expected from the combined operations now in contemplation, as no circumſtance could poſſibly have happened more opportunely in point of time, no proſpect could ever have promiſed more important ſucceſs, and nothing but a want of exertions can probably blaſt the pleaſing proſpects before us.—The General calls upon all the gallant officers, and the brave and faithful ſoldiers he has the honour to command, to exert their utmoſt abilities in the cauſe of their country, and to ſhare with him, with their uſual alacrity, the difficulties, dangers and glory of the preſent enterpriſe."

BALTIMORE, *September* 18.

Sunday morning the ſhip Sharpe, bound from Charleſtown to York-River, Virginia, lately commanded by Capt. Alexander Boggs, laden with rice, coffee, geneva, &c. &c. arrived at Fell's Point, having been captured by one of the French fleet, near the mouth of Cheſapeake.

A brig from Charleſtown for Virginia, was taken in company with the ſhip above-mentioned, and is now on her way to this port.

A few days ago, the 4th Maryland Regiment, conſiſting of 600 rank and file, marched from Annapolis, to join the Marquis de la Fayette, at Williamſburgh.

The Britiſh fleet, under the command of Admirals Graves, Hood and Drake, on the 7th inſt. made a feeble effort to enter the Cheſapeake; but were attacked and driven to ſea by the Count de Graſſe, who, after purſuing them ſeveral leagues, with 26 ſhips of his fleet, returned ſafe to the bay, with 23 ſhips, the other three having been left in chaſe of a ſingle Britiſh man of war, ſuppoſed to be the Royal Oak.

While the Count de Graſſe, was chaſing the Britiſh fleet, the Count de Barras, with 8 French line of battle ſhips, beſides frigates, tranſports, and victuallers, arrived in the bay, and brought in two Britiſh proviſion ſhips, bound from St. Lucia to New-York.

On Tueſday laſt the Britiſh frigates Iris and Richmond, the former commanded by Capt Dawſon, and the latter by Capt. Hudſon, were captured near Cape-Henry, by a part of the Count de Graſſe's fleet, as they were returning into the Cheſapeake. Theſe frigates (one of which fought with great bravery and perſeverance againſt a ſuperior force) were coming into the bay, under the idea, it is ſuppoſed, that the Count de Barras's Squadron was Britiſh.

The French fleet, in and near the Cheſapeake, now conſiſts of about 50 Sail of Men of War, Tranſports, Victuallers, &c. 35 of which are of the Line.

Eighty pieces of battering cannon, many large mortars, and an immenſe quantity of ſhells, ſhot, and other warlike ſtores, have been brought in by the Count de Barras's fleet, for the uſe of the Allied Army.

The Romulus, of 44 guns, and La Gentile, of 32, with 8 tranſport ſhips and 1 brig, are arrived at Annapolis, for the purpoſe of tranſporting the troops, which left this place on Sunday laſt, with their baggage, &c. to Virginia. The embarkation will commence this day. It is ſaid they are to diſembark at Burwell's Ferry, in James-River, four miles from Williamſburgh.

The Allied army which will, in a few days, commence very ſerious operations in Virginia, under the immediate command of his Excellency General Waſhington, will conſiſt of between 15 and 20,000 effective men.

Laſt evening a brigade of New-York ſtate troops, under the command of Brigadier General James Clinton, embarked at, and ſailed from, Fell's Point, for Virginia.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 26.

*Extract of a letter from Camden, in South Carolina, dated Auguſt* 29, 1781.

"Every officer in the line of the ſouthern army, that was preſent, has addreſſed General Greene on the late execution of Colonel Hayne, praying that the Lex Talionis ſhould follow. In conſequence of which the General has iſſued his proclamation to that purpoſe, and by a flag ſent to the commandant of Charleſtown, has forwarded him copies of the addreſs and proclamation, which ſets forth, "That retaliation ſhall immediately take place, not on the tory militia officers, but it ſhall fall on the heads of regular Britiſh officers." This will now open a new ſcene of bloodſhed, &c. which in the end the Britiſh will have reaſon ſorely to repent. We have three Britiſh officers with us, priſoners, who are quaking with fear, on the reſult of this proclamation; but they are not of ſufficient rank to become objects; they tell us that Colonel Balfour was very averſe to the meaſures taken againſt Colonel Hayne, and threw all the blame on Lord Rawdon and Colonel Gould: However, this gains little credit here, as the character of the commandant for his cruelty, perſecution, hypocriſy, &c. is ſo well eſtabliſhed, that we are certain that he would not have forgone the GREAT PLEASURE of giving his FIAT to the execution of an American, for the univerſe, as this cruel piece of baſeneſs will the more endear him to his Sovereign.

General Greene, with the army, left this place two days ago, on his march towards the enemy at Congarees, and we imagine he croſſed at Friday's ferry yeſterday. A report has juſt reached us, that the enemy the night before laſt, on receiving intelligence of General Greene's movements, precipitately left their encampment

and marched off, firſt ſetting their huts and ſome houſes on fire."

*Extract of a letter from New-London, dated Sept.* 12.

"Arnold had long promiſed to viſit New-London and the neighbouring towns on the ſea ſhore, and the enemy having frequently appeared in ſight of the harbour, the alarm guns fired on the preſent occaſion were conſidered by the country around as the ſalutes of prizes or other veſſels belonging to the port. He however arrived the 6th inſt. about five o'clock, and at ſeven o'clock landed about 2500 men, half on each ſide of the river. At 8 o'clock the militia muſtered in parties of 8 or 10, and annoyed the enemy until about 100 of them came up and diſputed their way to Fort Trumbull; their great ſuperiority obliged our people to yield to them the poſſeſſion of the fort. Col. Ledyard, with about 76 other brave fellows, retreated to the fort on Groton ſide, which they determined reſolutely to defend. The next aſſault was upon this fort, where they were repulſed ſeveral times by a bravery unequalled, for about three hours. A flag was then ſent, demanding a ſurrender of the fort, accompanied by a threat of giving no quarters in caſe of refuſal. The commandant conſulted with his brave garriſon, who refuſed to ſubmit. The action was then renewed, when the flag ſtaff was unfortunately ſhot away; notwithſtanding which the defence was gallantly continued until about five or ſix hundred of the enemy having forced the pickets had entered through the breach. At this time there were but *four* of the garriſon killed, and it was thought prudent to ſubmit, to preſerve the lives of the remainder. The officer who at this time commanded the aſſailants, (Major Montgomery being killed) enquired who commanded the garriſon? Colonel Ledyard informed him that he had had that honour, but was unfortunate in being obliged to ſurrender it, at the ſame time delivered up to him his ſword, and aſked for quarter for himſelf and people; to which the infamous villain replied, "yes, ye raſcals, I'll give you quarters," and then plunged the ſword into his body. The inhuman banditti, taking this as a ſignal, drove their bayonets up to the muzzles of their pieces into the breaſts of all that were taken, except one or two who made their eſcape.

"After maſſacring the living they inſulted the dead, by actions too horrid to mention---the bodies were arranged along-ſide of each other for the purpoſe, and, to ſhew contempt to Col. Ledyard, they ſingled out a Negro to place next to him.

"Never was there more diſtreſs in any place than there is here at preſent; there are 50 widows within 8 miles of Groton fort.

"Before their departure, which was in the evening of the ſame day they landed, they burnt all the ſhipping that could not get up Norwich river, among which were ſeveral rich prizes lately arrived, with their cargoes, ſome of which were ſtored and the reſt on board the veſſels—about 40 ſail, all on fire, were floating up and down the ſtream. The prize brig Hope, laden with proviſions, happily eſcaped the general conflagration, altho' the fire from the ſhore ſeveral times caught the awning which covered her quarter-deck, and went out---ſeveral veſſels in full blaze paſſed within two and three feet of her; ten lay within forty yards, and conſumed to the water's edge, but Providence directed ſhe ſhould eſcape, and a very fortunate one it was, as there was no other ſupply of proviſions in town.----The inhabitants requeſted that no advantage would be taken of the ſcarcity by enhancing the price--and they have already been ſupplied at the rates they were ſold before this unhappy affair, which gives general ſatisfaction. Many who, the day before, were worth from ten to thirty thouſand pounds lawful money, have not now a ſecond change of linen."

Agreeable to orders from his Excellency the Commander in Chief of the militia of Pennſylvania, a general meeting of the battalions of this city and liberties was on Monday morning held at the State-Houſe and on the Commons, when they made a moſt reſpectable appearance.

By accounts we learn, that ſince Admiral Hood's arrival on the American ſtation, our priſoners in the hands of the enemy at New-York have experienced an alteration in their treatment—for the better.

Various have been the reports circulating through this city the week paſt, relative to the movements of the enemy: All that can be depended on are, that a body of about 5000 men, with light artillery, waggons, &c. &c. were embarked on board about 80 tranſports at New-York, and were laying laſt Sunday week in the Narrows, ready for ſailing, delayed as was ſuppoſed merely to know the iſſue of Admiral Graves's attempt on the fleet of our royal ally in the Cheſapeake. This was announced to them on Wedneſday laſt, by the return of the Engliſh fleet, with the loſs of the Ruby man of war, of 64 guns, and the Roebuck, of 44, taken by Count de Graſſe, and the Terrible, of 74 guns, which, after the engagement, ſunk at ſea, they being able only to ſave her ſtores and men; four other ſhips are alſo greatly diſabled.

It is ſaid that the expedition from New-York, in caſe of the failure of Admiral Graves in the Cheſapeak, is deſigned for this city, where it is not doubted, ſhould they be ſo hardy as to venture, ſuch a reception would be given them by the virtuous yeomanry of this and the neighbouring ſtates as would bring to their minds the well fought fields of Bunker's-Hill and Bennington. General St. Clair, with part of the Pennſylvania brigade and a conſiderable body of militia, are expected in the neighbourhood of this city in a day or two.

*By the* UNITED-STATES *in* CONGRESS *aſſembled, September* 20, 1781.

*Reſolved*, That the Governor and Council of the State of North-Carolina be deſired to erect a Monument, at the expence of the United States, not exceeding the value of five hundred dollars, to the memory of the late Brigadier General Davidſon, who commanded the militia of the diſtrict of Saliſbury, in the State of North-Carolina, and was killed on the firſt of February laſt, fighting gallantly in the defence of the Liberty and Independence of theſe States.

*Extract from the minutes,*
GEORGE BOND, *Deputy Secretary.*

*** NOTICE is hereby given, to the Freeholders and others, Electors of the county of Philadelphia, that a MEETING will be held on buſineſs of importance, at the houſe of *Jacob Neff*, near *Cheſnut-Hill*, on *Saturday*, the 29th inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the morning.

*Philadelphia county, Sept.* 21.

*** The Members of the SOCIETY for the relief of poor and diſtreſſed Maſters of Ships, their Widows and Children, are deſired to attend their GENERAL MEETING, on MONDAY, the firſt of October next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the FREE-MASON'S LODGE, in Lodge-Alley. Maſters of veſſels deſirous of becoming Members are requeſted to attend.

GENERAL ORDERS, Head-Quarters, New-York, 17th September, 1781.

Brigadier-General Arnold having reported to the commander in chief the ſucceſs of the expedition under his direction againſt New-London, on the 6th inſtant, his Excellency has the pleaſure of ſignifying to the army the high ſenſe he entertains of the very diſtinguiſhed merit of the corps employed upon that ſervice: But whilſt he draws the greateſt ſatisfaction from the ardor of the troops, which enabled them to carry by aſſault a work of ſuch ſtrength as Fort Griſwold is repreſented to be, he cannot but lament with the deepeſt concern the heavy loſs in officers and men ſuſtained by the 40th and 54th regiments, who had the honour of that attack; and as no words can do proper juſtice to the diſcipline and ſpirit which they ſhewed on that occaſion, his Excellency can only requeſt they will accept his thanks, with aſſurance that he will not fail to repreſent their conduct to their Sovereign, in the moſt honourable terms.

The Commander in Chief begs leave to expreſs his obligations to Brigadier General Arnold, for his very ſpirited conduct on the occaſion; and he aſſures that general officer, that he is convinced he took every precaution in his power to prevent the deſtruction of the town, which is a misfortune that gives him much concern.

His Excellency alſo feels himſelf greatly indebted to all the officers of the regular and provincal corps who accompanied him on that ſervice, but more particularly ſo to Lieutenant Colonel Eyre, Major Bromfield, and Captain Millett, who commanded the attacks, and to Lord Dalrymple, Captains Backwith, and Stapleton, of whoſe very able aſſiſtance and diſtinguiſhed gallantry the Brigadier makes the moſt honourable mention.

The Commander in Chief has likewiſe the greateſt pleaſure in taking this public occaſion of ſignifying to the army, how much they are indebted to the great humanity and benevolence of Captain Beazley, of his Majeſty's ſhip Amphion, to whoſe very friendly and generous aſſiſtance, many of the wounded officers and men are moſt probably indebted for their lives.

FRED. MACKENZIE, D. A. Gen.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons, who ſtand indebted to the eſtate of MARY STRETCH, late of this city, deceaſed, to call upon the ſubſcriber and ſettle their accounts; and every perſon, to whom ſhe was indebted, to preſent their accounts, properly atteſted, and they ſhall be immediately paid; for which purpoſe I ſhall attend at the houſe of Samuel Howell, in Water-ſtreet, from this date until the 15th day of October next. No longer time nor further notice will be given, by PETER STRETCH,

*Sept.* 18, 1781. Adminiſtrator.

To the ELECTORS of the borough and county of Cheſter.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere acknowledgments for your votes and intereſt, in placing me higheſt upon the return for the Sheriff's Office at the laſt General Election, and a continuation of your votes and intereſt at the next Election will be gratefully acknowledged by your very humble ſervant, † JOHN GARDNER.

To the Freeholders and others, ELECTORS of Cheſter county.

GENTLEMEN,

FILLED with the warmeſt gratitude, I return you my moſt ſincere and hearty thanks for the honor conferred, and confidence repoſed in me, by electing me to ſerve you in General Aſſembly for two years paſt, and now beg leave to requeſt that my name may not be put in your Tickets at the enſuing Election; the circumſtances of my private affairs being ſuch, as make it extremely inconvenient for me to give the neceſſary attendance.

*I remain, Gentlemen,*
*With the utmoſt reſpect and eſteem,*
*Your moſt obedient and very humble Servant,*
† WILLIAM HARRIS.

To the Freeholders and others, ELECTORS for the borough and county of Cheſter.

GENTLEMEN,

WITH gratitude I acknowledge the favour conferred in voting me one of your Repreſentatives theſe two years paſt, but the buſineſs I am at preſent engaged in, will not admit of my being abſent from it; therefore requeſt you would think of ſome other perſon to repreſent you in my ſtead, and oblige your friend and well-wiſher,
† HENRY HAYS.

To the Free Independent ELECTORS of Bucks county.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere thanks for the honor done me in being appointed one of your Repreſentatives in General Aſſembly for ſome time paſt; but as my private buſineſs will not admit my continuation in that office any longer than the preſent ſeſſion, I requeſt that you will omit my name in your Tickets at the enſuing Election. I am. Gentlemen,

*Your moſt obedient Servant,*
† WILLIAM SCOTT.

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform the Public, and his Friends more particularly, that he is removed to that commodious and well known Stand, at the Sign of the KING of PRUSSIA, in Race-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth ſtreets, where he is furniſhed with large and very excellent LIVERY STABLES. All Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom may depend on being received in the beſt manner, and the greateſt care and attention to themſelves and horſes, by their very humble ſervant,

*Philad. Sept.* 21. ISAAC ALLEN. jun.

CAME to the plantation of Jacob M'Vaugh, living in New Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſome time ago, an old brindle COW, with a white face, and a bell on. The owner is deſir'd to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

*Sept.* 20, 1781. ¶ JACOB M'VAUGH.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Norriton townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the night of the 17th inſtant, An iron grey HORSE, about 15 hands high, wall-eyed, a ſtar on his forehead, a natural trotter, paces ſome, branded with S acroſs each ſhoulder, buttock, and under the mane, not plain to be perceived; about twelve years old. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall receive SIX DOLLARS, if the thief is brought to conviction, or FOUR DOLLARS for the horſe only, paid by

*Sept.* 18, 1781. † DAVID SUPPLEE.

*Head of Elk, September* 21, 1781.

# RACES.

To be RUN for, over the Courſe at the Head of Elk, Cæcil county, Maryland, called New-Market, on the 24th day of October next,

A PURSE of THIRTY GUINEAS, free for any horſe, mare or gelding, carrying weight for age and blood, the beſt in three four-mile heats; full blood, aged to carry nine ſtone, allowing ſeven pounds a year, and ſeven pounds per quarter for blood.

Alſo on the 25th of October will be RUN for, A PURSE of TWENTY GUINEAS, the beſt in three three-mile heats, as above.

Alſo on the 26th, being the day following, will be RUN for, A PURSE of TEN GUINEAS, the beſt in three two mile heats, the winning horſe each day excepted. Three horſes to ſtart or no race; to ſtart each day at one o'clock; no horſe to ſtart without a proper certificate under the breeder's hand of the age and blood of each horſe, to be ſhewn and entered two days before ſtarting, or pay double entrance at the poſt. No ſtalls or booths to be kept by any perſon, except a ſubſcriber to the amount of Forty Shillings, before he pays Half a Joe. All diſputes ariſing to be decided by proper judges who are appointed.

† HENERY ROBESON.

BROKE into the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in East-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 22d day of Auguſt laſt, A bay HORSE, about 9 years old, 14 hands high, ſhod all round, with a ſtar in his forehead, the nigh hind foot white, branded with the letter S. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

† JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

## TEN DOLLALS Reward.

STOLEN, on the night of the 6th of this inſt. (September) from the ſubſcriber, in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county, A pale or yellowiſh Bay GELDING, with a bald face, 5 years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, had no ſhoes on when taken away, paces and trots, has had a cut acroſs his right thigh, alſo a hole through his right noſtril, large enough for one's finger to go in, a tolerable large heavy head. The above deſcribed horſe was ſeen a few days after going towards the Lancaſter road, in cuſtody of a man about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, thick and well ſet, with a hunting ſhirt, trowſers and boots, with the trowſers ſtopped in the head of the boots, appearing like a ſoldier, as he had a knapſack ſtuffed with ſtraw for a ſaddle. Whoever ſecures horſe and thief, ſo that the owner gets his horſe again, and the thief be brought to conviction, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for the horſe alone, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ABRAHAM PHILLIPS.

N. B. There was a blind halter taken from the ſubſcriber on ſaid night. ¶ *Sept.* 21.

## Six Silver Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living near Center Meeting Houſe, in Chriſtiana hundred, New-Caſtle county, about the beginning of the 5th month laſt, A ſmall dark brown MARE, 13 hands high 9 or 10 years old, has a large ſtar on her forehead, lengthy bodied, black legs, branded on the near thigh with the letter H, trots and hand-gallops well. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or for the mare, *Three Silver Dollars*, and all reaſonable charges; paid by ¶ JOHN JEFFERES.

WAS LOST the 9th day of September, A black HORSE, about 14 and an half hands high, 12 years old, ſhod all round, a few white hairs on his forehead, a dull mark of a letter I on the off ſide, on the ſame ſide the eye has a film over it, trots all. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, living in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia, ſhall have THREE POUNDS REWARD, and reaſonable charges, or if ſtolen, FIVE POUNDS, paid by † MICHAEL MILTENBERGER.

WAS taken up by the ſubſcriber, living near the New Church, in Kingſeſſing, on Saturday, the 8th inſtant, A red MILCH COW, about 5 or 6 years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

*Sept.* 24. † DAVID MORRIS

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county, A red and white COW, about 9 years old, her right hip lower than the other, and calved about ſeven weeks ago. Whoever ſecures ſaid cow, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS REWARD, paid by

† CHRISTIAN WIREMAN.

WHEREAS my Wife, ANN FATHARBY, abſconded from my bed and board, and likewiſe made away with my effects; therefore I give notice to all perſons not to have any dealings with her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

*Sept.* 22. † NATHANIEL FATHARBY.

## *To the PUBLIC.*

WHEREAS it has been reported for ſome time paſt, that the ſubſcriber (NURSERY-MAN) is dead, which may be a great injury to him in his buſineſs, and alſo ſome diſadvantage to the public: This therefore may inform people in general, and his old cuſtomers in particular, that they may, by applying at his Nurſery, in Uwchlan, Cheſter county, be convinced that he is yet in being, and able to furniſh them with a variety of FRUIT-TREES of the beſt ſort: And he likewiſe hereby informs Iſaac Taylor of Brandywine, William Thatcher, Jacob Harman and Anthony Pritchard, that the Cyons they gave him to graft for them are fit for replanting any time after the firſt of the eleventh month (November) while the ground continues open from froſt, or as ſoon in the ſpring as the froſt will permit, until the leaves are out.

RUDOLPH HAINS.

*N. B.* The above report is ſuppoſed to have ariſen from the death of Jacob Hains, who was concerned with me in the Nurſery: Any perſon therefore who is indebted to the ſaid deceaſed's eſtate, is hereby deſired to pay the ſame; and likewiſe any perſon having any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, is alſo called to bring them in to me, one of the Executors, that they may be adjuſted.

† RUDOLPH HAINS.

## *William Sitgreaves,*

HAS removed his STORE from the house he lately occupied in Third ſtreet, to Market-ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, the corner of Lætitia-Court; where he has opened a large and neat aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he will ſell by WHOLESALE, on the moſt reaſonable terms; among which are the following:

A VARIETY of fine and ſuperfine broad-cloths.
Striped and plain coatings.
Spotted and white ſwanſkins.
Twilled and plain flannels.
Brown, white & green ſerges.
Striped blankets.
Mens and womens thread, cotton, worſted and yarn hoſe.
Camblets, callimancoes and durants.
Black ruſſel.
Brown and white Flemiſh ſheeting.
Iriſh, Laval and Holland linens.
Brittanias and oznabrigs.
German dowlaſs.
Striped bed-ticking.
Seven-eights, yard & apron wide cotton checks.
Dark & light ground chintzes, printed linens, cottons and calicoes.
Striped ginghams.
Ruſſia linen and diapers.
Cambricks and lawns.
Fancy, figured, corded and India dimities.
Nankeens & coloured jeans.
Manchester gown patterns.
Cat gut and millenet.
Striped, plain and figured gauzes.
Gauze handkerchiefs.
Book and jaconet muſlins.
Ell-wide India Perſians.
Luteſtrings and mantuas.
Sattins, modes and pelongs.
Sarſnets and Perſians.
Ribbands.
Polecat and Bandanoe handkerchiefs.
Lungee romalls.
Checked and printed linen handkerchiefs.
White & coloured threads.
Silk twiſt, tapes & bobbins.
Bindings, gartering.
Pins and needles.
A variety of childrens books.
Writing and wrapping paper.
Loaf ſugar.
Powder by the caſk.

ALSO,

A handy NEGROE FELLOW, ſuitable for either town or country, to be SOLD; and Two STABLES, with *Coach Houſes*, to be LETT. Enquire as above. 6w

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*Oxford township, Philadelphia county, Sept. 15.*

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, on the evening of the 10th inſtant, A dark-brown MARE, between 13 and 14 hands high, in good order, about 12 or 13 years old, has neither brand nor ear-mark, not ſhod, the off hind foot white, well ſet, a natural trotter, ſlack of courage.

Likewiſe a bay HORSE, 6 years old laſt ſpring, about 14 and an half hands high, low in fleſh, has neither brand nor ear-mark, not ſhod, high backed, carries his head low, a natural pacer. Whoever takes up and ſecures the thief and ſaid creatures, ſo as the owner may have them again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have *Twelve Silver Dollars Reward*, or *Six Dollars* for the horſes, and in proportion for either of them, paid by

‡ CHRISTIAN VANHORN.

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## To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

THAT beautifully ſituated farm, called FAIRVIEW, containing 265 acres of land; 200 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, and well banked, having lately been put into the beſt order; 100 acres are fit for the plow; the remaining 65 are woodland, about two miles from the houſe. A beautiful two ſtory frame houſe well finiſhed, 44 feet front by 38 feet deep, 4 rooms on a floor, with fire places in each, a good garret, with four good rooms ſuitable for ſervants, in one of which is a fire place; a large entry, 10 feet by 38, through the centre; four good airy cellars under the whole, paved with brick and ſeparated by lattice, one of them was deſigned for a kitchen, having a fire place and oven in it; a well of good water at the door; a fine ſpring-houſe, on a never-failing ſtream, a few yards from the houſe, capable of containing the milk of a large dairy; barn, ſtables, cow-houſe, with ſtalls for 26 cattle, cyder-houſe, two large ſheds, barracks, coach-houſe, granary, corn-cribs, &c. two fine orchards of between 2 and 300 apple-trees; one of them containing about 90 trees is in its prime, and the other began to bear this ſeaſon; peach orchard, pears, plumbs, and cherries of the beſt kind; a good garden near the houſe. The whole under good fence, with cedar and oak rails.

This plantation is ſituated in a good neighbourhood, on the river Delaware, and on the great road from Philadelphia to New-York; nineteen miles from Philadelphia, half a mile from the borough of Briſtol, and one mile from Burlington, in New-Jerſey. For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

¶ 5 W. JOHN CLARK.

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THE ſubſcriber being deſirous to ſettle all Accounts relative to the Eſtate of HANNAH LITHGOW, late of Philadelphia, deceaſed, is induced to requeſt all thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate, by Bond, &c. to prepare themſelves to ſettle the ſame, by the firſt week in November, which time he purpoſes attending in Philadelphia, at the Indian-King, for that purpoſe; and his remote ſituation, together with the impoſſibility of attending at any other time upon the occaſion, obliges him to inform all thoſe who do not attend to this notice, that their Bonds, &c. will be lodged in the hands of an Attorney, to recover the ſame.

And all thoſe who have any Accounts againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, properly proved, within the aforeſaid time, that they may be paid, by

¶ AMOS LONEY, Adminiſtrator.

*Baltimore, Sept. 12, 1781.*

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STOLEN, in the night of the 9th inſtant, out of the paſture of William Hutchiſon, at Kennet Square, in Cheſter county, A middle ſized ſorrel HORSE, 14 hands and an half high, ſuppoſed to be 9 or 10 years old, with a ſtar in his face, ſome white hairs above each eye, a bare place on the near ſide of his neck, and a bullet-hole near his ſhoulder, trots and canters very ſmart, and carries his head and tail high and lofty. He was raiſed by Abraham Bunker, about 6 miles below the Red-Lion, in Delaware State. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, and reaſonable charges, or THREE DOLLARS for the horſe, paid by THOMAS YEARSLEY. ¶

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ANY perſon who has *Muſcovado* or *Havannah* WHITE SUGAR, that he is willing to diſpoſe of for LANDS in the country, may, by enquiring of the Printers of this paper, be informed of a valuable PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, containing 390 acres, about 30 miles from this city, which the owner is willing to diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, and take Sugar in payment. †

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WAS taken up in the ſheds of the ſubſcriber, living in Lower-Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Lancaſter road, A Dark brown GELDING, 14 hands high, 4 years old paſt, a natural trotter, ſhod all round, no natural marks, neither brand nor ear-marks. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. WILLIAM THOMPSON.

*September 1, 1781.* ‡

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## MOSES MARSHALL & Co.

HAVE opened a *Medicinal Store*, on the weſt ſide of Market-ſtreet, nearly half-way between the Upper and Lower Market-Houſe, in the borough of *Wilmington*, and are now diſpoſing of a neat aſſortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES of prime quality, ſuch as are in general ſuited to the demands of the country—alſo, a few PAINTER's COLOURS, viz. White Lead, *Spaniſh* Brown, Yellow Ockre and Verdigreaſe.

As ſaid Marſhall and Co. intend keeping up a general aſſortment, and always ſelling at the *Philadelphia prices*, they hope for encouragement from the Public, and are determined, as far as in their power, to give the moſt ample ſatisfaction to thoſe who ſhall be pleaſed to favour them with their cuſtom. †

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## *JOHN SHIELDS,*

At the corner of Second and Cheſnut-ſtreets,

Has now on hand for SALE,

On the loweſt Terms, for Caſh only,

The following GOODS, viz.

FINE, ſuper and ſuperfine broad-cloths, of various colours.
Black, blue, white, red, cloth coloured and ſcarlet ſhalloons and rattinetts.
Black, blue and pink durants and callimancoes.
Baſket, mohair and metal buttons.
Beſt double gilt and plated ditto, with and without ſhanks.
Black and coloured horn buttons.
Black, blue and ſpotted velvets and velveretts.
Black, olive, purple and light blue corderoys.
Collar velvets of different colours.
A large aſſortment of broad and narrow binding.
Plain and corded jeans and dimities.
Printed linens, callicoes and cottons.
Cotton, linen and ſilk handkerchiefs.
Sewing ſilks and ſcarfe twiſt of all colours.
Cambricks, lawns & muſlins.
Coloured, white and cotton threads.
Men and women's cotton and worſted hoſe.
Brown Buckrams.
Cotton and linen checks.
Swanſkins and flannels.
Plain and emboſs'd ſerges.
Lavall, Iriſh & Ruſſia linens.
Table-cloths and towelling.
Printing and letter paper.
A variety of paper hangings, &c. &c.

*N. B.* To be LETT, upon advantageous terms, a PLACE, within a few miles of town; alſo, a Good STORE, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, a few doors below Second-ſtreet. tbc 4w.

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## Thirty Dollars (Specie) Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Baltimore-Town, on Sunday the 2d inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JAMES FLYNN, a ſkinner and tanner by trade, about 30 years of age, thin viſaged, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, has a ſharp noſe, piercing eyes, fierce ſtern countenance, and ſhort black hair, is about 5 feet 8 inches high, loves liquor, ſpeaks Iriſh fluently, and Engliſh tolerable well. Had on, when he went away, a whitiſh cloth coat and jacket, an old pair of bukſkin breeches, pieced in the fork, without knee-bukles or ſtrings, a country made linen ſhirt, white worſted or woollen ribb'd ſtockings, a pair of good ſhoes, with ſtrings in them, and an old round caſtor hat.—Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, in any goal within this State, ſo that his maſters, or either of them, may get him into his or their cuſtody, ſhall have, if taken in this county, *Ten Hard Dollars*; if out of the county, *Twenty Hard Dollars*, and if out of the State the above Reward, or if brought home, the ſame, together with what the law allows, paid by

¶ JOHN and ROBERT CASEY.

*N. B.* We are reſolved to proſecute any perſon harbouring the ſaid ſervant. J. & R. C.

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STOLEN, on the 21ſt of Auguſt, out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, on Lancaſter road, about a mile from the Middle-Ferry bridge, THREE WOMEN's GOWNS, one dark double damaſk, with lacings and robings, bordered with white ſhalloon, one cotton, ſtriped with red and green crewel, the other worſted and linen, of lye coloured chain, and walnut coloured filling; a blue Quilted PETTICOAT, the outſide callimancoe, the inſide ſhalloon; alſo, a white PETTICOAT, with a calicoe border, and a blue and white Linſey ditto; a Man's homeſpun SHIRT, with other things not remembered. Whoever ſecures the above articles, ſo as the owner may get them again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD, and TWENTY SHILLINGS more for ſecuring the thief, paid by ¶ JAMES DOUGHERTY.

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ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of SAMUEL MIFFLIN, Eſq; deceaſed; are deſired to pay into the hands of the ſubſcriber; and thoſe who have any demands upon ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, duly proved, in order for ſettlement. WILLIAM ATTMORE, Executor.

*Philadelphia, Auguſt 20, 1781.* 6 w. ¶

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*WANTED immediately for Public Service,*

A NUMBER of

Able-bodied DRAUGHT HORSES.

ANY perſons having ſuch to diſpoſe of, may find purchaſers, by applying to Mr. JACOB HILTZHEIMER, or SAMUEL MILES, in Philadelphia.

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*Berks county, Amity townſhip, Sept. 3, 1781.*

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber did, in the year 1779, give a *Bond* of *Three Thouſand Pounds* continental currency, to *Suſannah Lanciſcus*, wife of George Lanciſcus, payable in the year 1780, in conſideration of a *Plantation* I bought of him; and whereas the title of ſaid plantation was mortgaged when I gave the ſaid bond, and he promiſing me to clear and take up ſaid mortgage, but declined taking it up according to promiſe; I therefore deſire all perſons to whom he or ſhe ſhould offer an aſſignment of ſaid bond, not to take it, as I am determined not to pay it till he has cleared the mortgage.

¶ SAMUEL DEHART.

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## To be SOLD by private Sale,

TWO PLANTATIONS or tracts of LAND, the one ſituate in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 168 acres; the other tract ſituated in Norrington townſhip, and county aforeſaid, containing 105 acres; late the eſtate of Samuel Brown, deceaſed. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcribers, living in Tredyffrin townſhip, Cheſter county, near the Valley Forge.

¶ ANN BROWN, } Execut.
*Auguſt 19, 1781.* JOHN BROWN, }

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*Lower Dublin, Auguſt 18, 1781.*

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JACOB LAUGLEN, late of Lower Dublin townſhip, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment as ſoon as poſſible; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts. MARY LAUGLEN, JACOB RUSH, WILLIAM POLLARD, } Adminiſtrat.

¶

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CAME to the plantation of JOHN GRIFFITH, in Williſtown, Cheſter county, the beginning of July laſt, A ſmall brindle COW, very poor. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. *Auguſt 23, 1781.* ¶

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## AMOS WICKERSHAM,

In Arch-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Second-ſtreet, has for SALE,

MADEIRA, Port, Liſbon, Teneriffe and country made wines, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, geneva, French brandy, loaf and Muſcovado ſugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, Engliſh wool and cotton cards, iron pots, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO JOSEPH FEW's beſt SNUFF, in bottles and bladders, of which he will keep a large and conſtant ſupply. † 9s. t. h. c.

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## TO BE SOLD,

The following LOTS of LAND, in Cumberland county, New-Jerſey, viz.

A LOT of 27 ſquare perches and five tenths, ſituate in Roads-town, on which is a good two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, compleatly finiſhed, a cellar under the ſame; there is joining the above a good frame houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a good barn and ſtables, chair-houſe, garden, &c. and a good pump of water near the door, all in good repair.

Alſo ten acres and an half of land, at and near Bridge-town, one half acre of which joins on the main ſtreet, on the ſame is a well finiſhed two ſtory frame houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a cellar under the whole, and a kitchen adjoining, good ſtable, ſmoke houſe, &c. and a good pump of water near the door, all in good repair.

Alſo a tract of woodland lying on Cedar creek, in Fairfield townſhip, containing 100 acres, three miles and an half from a good landing on Cohanſey creek; there is a good ſtream of water runs through this lot, and a quantity of cedar rails and boards may be made in the ſwamp joining on the ſaid ſtream. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Roads-town.

CHARLES CLUNN.

N. B. As the ſubſcriber intends leaving the county as ſoon as his health will permit, he begs all thoſe who are indebted to him by note or book debt, to diſcharge the ſame without farther notice; and all thoſe that have demands againſt him, by bringing their accounts proved, ſhall have them diſcharged. ¶ C. C.

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CAME to the plantation of Joſeph Turner, in Paſſyunk townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 2d of June laſt, a ſorrel HORSE, about 14 hands and an half high, branded on the near buttock C. A. and on the near ſhoulder M, has four white feet, and a blaze in his face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for the ſame. CHRISTIAN GROVER.

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## *JAMES NEWPORT,*

At his Diſtillery Store,

In Front-ſtreet, the ſecond door above the Bank-Meeting,

Has, by WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

Of excellent QUALITY.

| | |
|---|---|
| JAMAICA Spirits, | Anniſeed Water, |
| Weſt-India Rum, | Clove ditto, |
| Philadelphia ditto, | Orange ditto, |
| Plain Brandy, | Cinnamon ditto, |
| Raſberry ditto, | All Fours, |
| Geneva, | Mint Cordial, |

And Spirits of Wine, proper for Medicinal uſes, or for raiſing the Proof of low Liquors.

*N. B.* He gives particular encouragement to thoſe who buy of him to ſell again.

*Philadelphia, Auguſt 4, 1781.* ¶

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ON the 30th of Auguſt, came to the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living at the Old Ferry, A black three year old MARE COLT, with a long tail. The owner is deſired to come within three weeks, pay charges, and take her away, otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold for her keeping, by

WILLIAM MILNOR.

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*PHILADELPHIA:* Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.